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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/872,800	06/02/2001	Takashi Niwa	S004-4309	S004-4309 . 4146	
7	590 08/26/2004		EXAMI	NER	
ADAMS & WILKS ATTORNEY AND COUNSELORS AT LAW 31ST FLOOR 50 BROADWAY			VUONG, I	VUONG, BACH Q	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2653		
NEW YORK, NY 10004			DATE MAILED: 08/26/2004	,	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/872,800	NIWA ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Bach Q Vuong	2653				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period way reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
	10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:					

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Ito et al. (US 6,304,527).

Ito et al., according to Figs. 1-16, shows a near field optical head and a method for producing an aperture comprising all features of the claimed invention as interpreted below:

Regarding claim 1, see Figs. 1-16 which show a method for producing an aperture comprising the steps of: forming an object for aperture formation having a tip of conical or pyramidal shape (see probe 4), having an opaque film provided on the tip and having a stopper, a height of the stopper is almost the same as that of the tip (see pads 2), displacing a pressing body having approximately a plane covering the tip and at least a part of the stopper by a force having a component toward the tip to form an aperture on a point of the tip.

Regarding claim 2, see Figs. 1-16 which show a method for producing an aperture comprising the steps of: forming an object for aperture formation having a tip of conical or pyramidal shape, having an opaque film provided on the tip and having a stopper, a height of the stopper is almost the same as that of the tip (see probe 4 and pad 2), displacing a pressing body having a planar part to come into contact with the tip and at least a part of the stopper in a

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direction toward the tip to form an aperture on a point of the tip (see Fig. 1B, 7B or 8B for details).

Regarding claims 3 and 4, see Figs. 1B, 7B or 8B which show a method for producing an aperture wherein a tip of conical or pyramidal shape and a stopper are formed simultaneously, and the object for aperture formation has a plurality of the tips and an aperture is formed on a point of a plurality of the tips simultaneously.

Regarding claim 5, see Figs. 1-16 which show a near field optical head comprising: a pointed tip (see near field light 9 or 15); an aperture formed on a point of the tip (see Figs. 4 and 10); and an opaque film covering the tip (see opaque thin film 20), wherein at least a part of the opaque film near the aperture is plastically deformed.

Regarding claim 6, see Figs. 9F and 10 which show a near field optical head further comprising a stopper having almost the same height as that of the tip.

Regarding claims 7 and 8, see Figs. 1-16 which show a near field optical head wherein a part of the tip projects are made of the same material and a part of the tip projects from a part of the opaque film (see probe 4 and thin film 20).

Regarding claim 10, see Figs. 1-16 which show a method for fabricating a near field optical head comprising the steps of: forming a tip of conical or pyramidal shape pointed toward a recording medium (see probe 4); forming a stopper having almost the same height as that of the tip (see pads 2); forming an opaque film on the tip (see opaque thin film 20); and forming an aperture on an apex of the tip by allowing a plate-like member covering the tip and at least a part of the stopper to come into contact with the tip to deform the opaque film over the apex of the tip (see thin film 6).

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Regarding claim 14, see Figs. 1-16 which show an information recording/reproducing apparatus for recording or reading information utilizing a near field light, comprising: a recording medium (see recording medium 11); a near field optical head having an aperture (see aperture 21 or 25) on a side of the recording medium; and a light guiding structure (laser light 8, 7) for guiding a luminous flux from a light source to the near field optical head, wherein the near field optical head has a tip of conical or pyramidal shape transparent to a light having a desired wavelength, an opaque film covering the tip, and an aperture formation mechanism (see Figs. 4, 7B and 8B for details).

Regarding claim 15, see Figs. 9B and 10 which show an information recording/reading apparatus wherein the aperture formation mechanism is a stopper having almost the same height as that of the tip.

Regarding claim 16, see Figs. 1A-1B which show an information recording/reading apparatus comprising a distance-control mechanism for controlling a distance between the near field optical head and the recording medium (see column 4, line 32 through column 4, line 33).

Regarding claims 17 and 18, see Figs. 1A-1B which show an information recording/reading apparatus wherein at least a part of a distance-control mechanism is airbearing surfaces formed on the near field optical head and a piezoelectric actuator (see column 1, lines 12-35).

Regarding claims 19 and 20, see Figs. 1-16 which show an information recording/reading apparatus wherein at least a part of the distance-control mechanism is a protective part for the aperture and also serves as the distance-control mechanism (see Figs. 4, 7B and 8B for details).

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Cited References

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The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The cited references relate to a near field optical head and method and optical recording/reproducing system using near field optical head.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Bach Q Vuong whose telephone number is (703) 305-7355. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William Korzuch can be reached on (703) 305-6137. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

BV August 22, 2004

THANKY THAN